companies, in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.213(b). On January 17, 2020, pursuant to this request, and in accordance with 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i), Commerce published a notice initiating an administrative review of the AD order on LWTP from China. On March 26, 2020, Appvion withdrew its request for an administrative review with respect to all companies for which it requested a review. On April 24, 2020, Commerce tolled all deadlines in administrative reviews by 50 days, thereby extending the deadline for these results until September 21, 2020.5

Rescission of Review

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1), Commerce will rescind an administrative review, in whole or in part, if the party or parties that requested a review withdraws the request within 90 days of the publication date of the notice of initiation of the requested review. Appvion timely submitted a request to withdraw its request for administrative review for all companies for which an administrative review was initiated. No other party requested an administrative review of the order. Therefore, in accordance 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1), we are rescinding this review, in its entirety.

Assessment

Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of LWTP from China. Antidumping duties shall be assessed at rates equal to the cash deposit of estimated antidumping duties required at the time of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(c)(1)(i). Commerce intends to issue appropriate assessment instructions to CBP 15 days after the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as the only reminder to importers whose entries will be liquidated as a result of this rescission notice, of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the presumption that reimbursement of the antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as a reminder to all parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.213(d)(4).


James Maeder,
Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On January 4, 2019, Commerce published the CVD order on biodiesel from Argentina.1 On November 13, 2018, in response to a request submitted by the Government of Argentina (GOA), joined by Vicentin S.A.I.C. (Vicentin) and LDC Argentina (LDC), Commerce initiated a CCR for both the CVD and antidumping duty (AD) orders.2 Commerce exercised its discretion to toll all deadlines affected by the partial federal government closure from December 22, 2018 through the resumption of operations on January 29, 2019.3 On July 1, 2019, Commerce issued the Preliminary Results and placed additional information on the record of the CCR, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.301(c)(4).4 On July 5, 2019, Commerce provided interested parties until July 12, 2019 to place additional information on the record in order to “rebut, clarify, or correct” the information placed on the record by Commerce.5

On July 12, 2019, the National Biodiesel Board Fair Trade Coalition (the petitioner), and LDC and Vicentin submitted additional factual information.6 On July 29, 2019, the

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4 See Biodiesel from Argentina: Preliminary Results of Changed Circumstances Reviews of the Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders, 84 FR 32714 (July 9, 2019) (Preliminary Results); see also Memorandum, “Additional Information Concerning the Preliminary Changed Circumstances Reviews of Biodiesel,” dated July 1, 2019.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
International Trade Administration

Biodiesel From Argentina: Final Results of Countervailing Duty Changed Circumstances Review

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On July 9, 2019, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) published the preliminary results of the changed circumstances review (CCR) of the countervailing duty (CVD) order on biodiesel from Argentina. For these final results, Commerce finds that sufficient changed circumstances do not exist warranting a recalculation of the CVD deposit rates in the order.


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petitioner requested that Commerce conduct a verification of factual information. The petitioner claimed that there was “good cause” to request a verification in this CCR because the “complexity of the record compel[ed] a more thorough understanding of the GOA’s recent export tax modifications.” Recognizing that verification would impede Commerce’s ability to meet its original September 19, 2019 deadline, the petitioner also requested an extension of the final deadline. On August 2, 2019, Commerce temporarily put a hold on the deadlines for case and rebuttal briefs.

Commerce issued its verification agenda to the GOA on August 2, 2019. The petitioner submitted its pre-verification comments on August 19, 2019. Commerce conducted its verification of the GOA on August 26, 2019. On September 5, 2019, Commerce released its verification report regarding the GOA.

On September 5, 2019, Commerce reinstated the deadlines for case and rebuttal briefs. On September 11, 2019, the petitioner requested an indefinite suspension of the deadlines for briefs and the final determination. The petitioner requested that Commerce accept new factual information on September 11, 2019. Commerce issued a short extension of deadlines, on September 12, 2019, the GOA responded, stating that a short extension of the deadlines was acceptable. On September 12, 2019, Commerce issued a short extension of deadlines. Commerce rejected the petitioner’s request to include new factual information on the record on September 18, 2019.

On September 17, 2019, the petitioner requested a public hearing regarding the CCR. The petitioner and the GOA submitted case briefs on September 17, 2019. On September 23, 2019, the petitioner and the GOA submitted rebuttal briefs. Pursuant to the petitioner’s request, Commerce held a public hearing on September 26, 2019.

On October 16, 2019, Commerce placed additional factual information on the record of this proceeding. In response, the petitioner placed additional factual information on the record on October 24, 2019. Between the time Commerce released its Preliminary Results and the publication of these Final Results, Commerce has held numerous phone calls and meetings with parties.

**Scope of the Order**

The product covered by the Order is biodiesel from Argentina. For a complete description of the scope of the Order, see the appendix to this notice.

**Analysis of Comments Received**

We addressed all issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs by parties to this review in the Issues and Decision Memorandum (I&D Memo). Attached to this notice, in Appendix II, is a list of the issues which parties raised. The I&D Memo is a public document and on file in the Central Records Unit (CRU), Room B8024 of the main Commerce building, as well as electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to

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8 Id. at 3.

9 Id. at 4–5.


**Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review**

Pursuant to section 751(b)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.216, Commerce has determined that sufficient changed circumstances warranting a cash deposit adjustment do not exist. As explained in the I&D Memo, Argentina’s export tax regime is in flux, leading Commerce to conclude that there are not sufficient changed circumstances to warrant such an adjustment. Therefore, Commerce is making no changes to the cash deposit rates as listed in the order.

**Administrative Protective Order (APO)***

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to APO of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclose under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of APO is a sanctionable violation.

**Notification to Interested Parties**

We are issuing and publishing these final results and notice in accordance with sections 751(b)(1) and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.216 and 19 CFR 351.222.


Jeffrey I. Kessler,  
Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

**Appendix I**

**Scope of the Order**

The product covered by this order is biodiesel, which is a fuel comprised of mono-alkyl esters of long chain fatty acids derived from vegetable oils or animal fats, including other biologically-based oil or fat sources. The order covers biodiesel in pure form (B100) as well as fuel mixtures containing at least 99 percent biodiesel by volume (B99). For fuel mixtures containing less than 99 percent biodiesel by volume, only the biodiesel component of the mixture is covered by the scope of the order.

Biodiesel is generally produced to American Society for Testing and Materials International (ASTM) D6751 specifications, but it can also be made to other specifications. Biodiesel commonly has one of the following Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) numbers, generally depending upon the feedstock used: 6778-84-9 (soybean oil methyl esters); 91051-34-2 (palm oil methyl esters); 91051-32-0 (palm kernel oil methyl esters); 73891-99-3 (rapeseed oil methyl esters); 61788-61-2 (tallow methyl esters); 68990-52-3 (vegetable oil methyl esters); 129828-16-6 (canola oil methyl esters); 67762-26-9 (unsaturated alkylcarboxylic acid methyl ester); or 68937-84-8 (fatty acids, C12-C18, methyl ester).

The B100 product subject to the order is currently classifiable under HTSUS subheading 3826.00.1000. The B99 product is currently classifiable under HTSUS subheading 3826.00.3000. Although the HTSUS subheadings, ASTM specifications, and CAS numbers are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope is dispositive.

**Attachment II**

**List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum**

I. Summary  
II. Background  
III. Final Results of Review  
IV. Discussion of the Issues  
Comment 1: Relevance of the GOA’s Changes after the Preliminary Results  
Comment 2: Whether Commerce Properly Initiated the CCR  
Comment 3: Whether Commerce Properly Conducted the CCR  
Comment 4: Whether a Financial Contribution Still Exists  
V. Recommendation  
[FR Doc. 2020-10129 Filed 5–11–20; 8:45 am]  
BILLING CODE 3510–05–P

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**International Trade Administration**

[A–357–820]  

**Biodiesel From Argentina: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Changed Circumstances Review**

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.  
**SUMMARY:** On July 9, 2019, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) published the preliminary results of the changed circumstances review (CCR) of the antidumping duty (AD) order on biodiesel from Argentina. For these final results, Commerce continues to find that there are insufficient changed circumstances to warrant any revisions under the AD order.  
**DATES:** Applicable May 12, 2020.  
**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mark Hoadley, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3148.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background**

On April 26, 2018, Commerce published the AD order on biodiesel from Argentina. On November 13, 2018, in response to a request submitted by the Government of Argentina (GOA), joined by Vicentin S.A.I.C. (Vicentin) and LDC Argentina (LDC), Commerce initiated a CCR for both the AD and countervailing duty (CVD) orders. Commerce exercised its discretion to toll all deadlines affected by the partial federal government closure from December 22, 2018 through the resumption of operations on January 29, 2019. On July 1, 2019, Commerce issued the Preliminary Results and placed additional information on the record of the CCR, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.301(c)(4). Commerce preliminarily found that the “particular market situation” regarding the price of soybeans as an element of the cost of production of biodiesel in Argentina still existed, and that no changes under the AD order were warranted as a result of the changed circumstances presented by the GOA. In accordance with 19 CFR 351.309, Commerce invited parties to comment on the Preliminary Results. On July 5, 2019, Commerce provided interested parties until July 12, 2019 to place additional information on the record in order to “rebut, clarify, or correct” the information placed on the record by Commerce. On July 12, 2019, the National Biodiesel Board Fair Trade Coalition (the petitioner), and LDC and Vicentin submitted additional factual information. On August 2, 2019, see Biodiesel from Argentina: Preliminary Results of Changed Circumstances Review of the Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders, 83 FR 56300 (November 13, 2018).  

**Continued**